

Pacific National Bank

FRAUD AND CUSTOMER NOTIFICATION ALERTS

Date: 01/03/23
Subject: **Tax Identity Theft Awareness Week**

As Americans begin the process of filing tax returns, identity thieves are scheming to get their hands on that money. Tax Identity Theft has been the most common form of identity theft reported to the Federal Trade Commission for the past five years. PNB is using Tax Identity Theft Awareness Week, January 30-February 3, 2023, to raise consumer awareness and provide tips to prevent Tax Identity fraud.

Identity thieves look for every opportunity to steal your information, especially during tax season, and consumers should be on high alert and take every step they can to protect their personal and financial information.

Tax Identity Fraud takes place when a criminal files a false tax return using a stolen Social Security number in order to fraudulently claim the refund. Identity thieves generally file false claims early in the year and victims are unaware until they file a return and learn one has already been filed in their name.

To help consumers prevent Tax Identity fraud, PNB is offering the following tips:

- **File early.** File your tax return as soon as you're able giving criminals less time to use your information to file a false return.
- **File on a protected wi-fi network.** If you're using an online service to file your return, be sure you're connected to a password-protected personal network. Avoid using public networks like a wi-fi hotspot at a coffee shop.
- **Use a secure mailbox.** If you're filing by mail, drop your tax return at the post office or an official postal box instead of your mailbox at home. Some criminals look for completed tax return forms in home mailboxes during tax season.
- **Find a tax preparer you trust.** If you're planning to hire someone to do your taxes, get recommendations and research a tax preparer thoroughly before handing over all of your financial information.
- **Shred what you don't need.** Once you've completed your tax return, shred the sensitive documents that you no longer need and safely file away the ones you do.
- **Beware of phishing scams by email, text or phone.** Scammers may try to solicit sensitive information by impersonating the IRS. Know that the IRS will not contact you by email, text or social media. If the IRS needs information, they will contact you by mail first.
- **Keep an eye out for missing mail.** Fraudsters look for W-2s, tax refunds or other mail containing your financial information. If you don't receive your W-2s, and your employer indicates they've been mailed, or it looks like it has been previously opened upon delivery, contact the IRS immediately.

If you believe you're a victim of Tax Identity Theft or if the IRS denies your tax return because one has previously been filed under your name, alert the IRS Identity Protection Specialized Unit at 1.800.908.4490. In addition, you should:

- **Respond immediately to any IRS notice** and complete IRS Form 14039, Identity Theft Affidavit.
- **Contact your bank immediately**, and close any accounts opened without your permission or tampered with.
- **Contact the three major credit bureaus** to place a 'fraud alert' on your credit records:
 - Equifax, www.Equifax.com, 1.800.525.6285
 - Experian, www.Experian.com, 1.888.397.3742
 - TransUnion, www.TransUnion.com, 1.800.680.7289
- **Continue to pay your taxes** and file your tax return, even if you must do so by paper.

More information about tax identity theft is available from the FTC at ftc.gov/taxidtheft and the IRS at irs.gov/identitytheft. To report Identity Theft use the IdentityTheft.gov website.

In order to protect your personal information:

- Check your credit report on a regular basis for incorrect information. You are entitled to one free credit report each year at www.annualcreditreport.com or by calling 1.877. 322.8228.
- Do not to respond to any email that directs you to update your personal information by replying to the email or by dialing a telephone number. Only use the customer service number on the back of your debit or credit card.
- PNB personnel will never ask you to update your personal information via email or over the telephone.

You may contact the Federal Trade Commission (“FTC”) or law enforcement to report incidents of identity theft or to learn about steps you can take to protect yourself from identity theft. You may contact the FTC by calling 1.877.IDTHEFT (1.877.438.4338) or online at <https://www.ftccomplaintassistant.gov/>.

Date: 11/10/22
Subject: **TransUnion LLC Confirms Recent Data Breach**

TransUnion LLC reported a data breach with the Massachusetts Attorney General after information in the company’s possession was subject to unauthorized access. According to TransUnion, the breach resulted in the names, Social Security numbers, financial account numbers and driver’s license numbers being compromised. On November 7, 2022, TransUnion sent out data breach letters to all individuals whose information was compromised as a result of the recent data security incident.

If you should experience Identity Theft, please go to the Federal Trade Commission Site IdentityTheft.com.

Date: 09/15/22
Subject: **October is National Cybersecurity Awareness Month**

Cybersecurity Awareness Month begins October 1 and ends on October 31 each year to promote awareness about the importance of cybersecurity, and this year’s theme from the Cybersecurity & Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) and the National Cybersecurity Alliance (NCA) is “*See Yourself in Cyber*”¹. Below are several tips to protect yourself when browsing and using the internet.

- Do not share your password.
- Use a strong password (letters, numbers, special characters).
- Change your password if you think someone knows it/has it.
- Use a firewall.
- Keep your browser application current.
- Keep your anti-virus/anti-spyware current.
- Report any PNB Online Banking incidents to us.

Date: 04/05/22
Subject: **Protect Yourself From Email PHISHING Scams**

Identity thieves continue to focus on email PHISHING scams to obtain personal information to commit identity theft. Please protect yourself by knowing the following information:

- Do not trust any email that urgently requests your confidential information such as PINs, passwords, account numbers, or “special phrases”. We will never ask you for this information.
- Do not click on any links contained within such an email and do not respond to such an email.
- Always keep your browser application current, and use a firewall, and anti-virus/anti-spyware.
- Please report any incidents to us.

For your Online Banking account, use a strong password (letters, numbers, special characters) and do not share it.

FRAUD ALERT

Dear Customer:

It is important to identify and combat a type of Internet scam known as "phishing". The term is a play on the word "fishing," and that's exactly what Internet thieves are doing--fishing for confidential financial information, such as account numbers and passwords. With enough information, a con artist can run up bills on another person's credit card or, in the worst case, even steal that person's identity. In a common type of phishing scam, individuals receive e-mails that appear to come from their financial institution. The e-mail may look authentic, right down to the use of the institution's logo and marketing slogans. The e-mails often describe a situation that requires

¹ <https://www.cisa.gov/cybersecurity-awareness-month>

immediate attention and then warn that the account will be terminated unless the e-mail recipients verify their account information immediately by clicking on a provided link.

The link will take the e-mail recipient to a screen that asks for account information. While it may appear to be a page sponsored by a legitimate financial institution, the information will actually go to the con artist who sent the e-mail.

The federal financial regulatory agencies want consumers to know that they should never respond to such requests. No legitimate financial institution will ever ask its customers to verify their account information online. It is also advisable:

- Never click on the link provided in an e-mail if there is reason to believe it is fraudulent. The link may contain a virus.
- Do not be intimidated by e-mails that warn of dire consequences for not following their instructions.
- If there is a question about whether the e-mail is legitimate, go to the company's site by typing in a site address that you know to be legitimate.
- If you fall victim to a phishing scam, act immediately to protect yourself by alerting your financial institution, placing fraud alerts on your credit files and monitoring your account statements closely.

If you believe that you have provided sensitive financial information about yourself through a phishing scam, you should:

- Immediately contact your financial institution.
- Contact the three major credit bureaus and request that a fraud alert be placed on your credit report. The credit bureaus and phone numbers are: Equifax, 1-800.525.6285; Experian, 1.800.397.3742; and TransUnion, 1.800.680.7289.
- File a complaint with the Federal Trade Commission, FTC at www.consumer.gov/idtheft, or by calling 1.877.438.4338.

AVISO DE FRAUDE

Estimado Cliente:

Es importante identificar y combatir un tipo de fraude a través del Internet conocido como "phishing". Este término viene de la palabra "fishing" (pescando), y es exactamente lo que están haciendo los estafadores por Internet, pescando información financiera confidencial de una persona, como son sus números de cuenta y claves. Con suficiente información, un estafador puede hacer crecer rápidamente cuentas de pagos en la tarjeta de crédito de una persona, o en el peor de los casos, robar la identidad de un individuo.

En una forma común de fraude, las personas reciben correos electrónicos que parecen venir de su institución financiera. El correo electrónico puede parecer auténtico, con logotipo y lemas de mercadeo de la institución. Los correos electrónicos a menudo describen una situación que requiere inmediata acción y luego alertan que la cuenta será cerrada, a menos que quienes estén recibiendo el mensaje verifiquen inmediatamente la información de sus cuentas haciendo "click" en el enlace proporcionado.

El enlace llevará el correo electrónico de quien recibe el mensaje a una pantalla que le pedirá información de la cuenta, y aunque pueda lucir como una página patrocinada por una institución financiera legítima, en realidad la información irá al portal del estafador que envió el correo electrónico.

Las agencias reguladoras federales financieras desean que los consumidores conozcan que nunca deberían responder a tales solicitudes. Ninguna institución financiera legítima le pedirá a sus clientes verificar información de sus cuentas a través del Internet. También es aconsejable:

- Nunca hacer "click" al enlace proporcionado, dentro de un correo electrónico, si hay razón para creer que es fraudulento. El enlace puede contener virus. - No se deje intimidar por correos electrónicos que alertan de lamentables consecuencias por no seguir sus instrucciones.
- Si cree que el correo electrónico no es legítimo, visite el portal de la empresa usando la dirección de Internet que usted sabe es legítima.
- Si Ud. es víctima de fraude por Internet, para su protección, debe actuar rápidamente notificando a su institución financiera, colocando alertas de fraude en sus archivos de crédito y monitoreando sus estados de cuenta constantemente.

Si cree que ha proporcionado información financiera confidencial a través de este tipo de fraude, Ud. debe: - Informar inmediatamente a su institución financiera.

- Contactar a las tres agencias nacionales de crédito y solicitar se coloque una alerta de fraude en su reporte de crédito. Los nombres y teléfonos de estas agencias son: Equifax 1.800.525.6285; Experian 1.800.397.3742; y TransUnion 1.800.680.7289.
- Presentar queja formal con la Comisión Federal de Comercio, FTC a través de la página de Internet www.consumer.gov/idtheft o llamando al número 1.877.438.4338.

Member FDIC

Tel.: 305.539.7500 • Fax: 305.539.7600 • Direct Call: 305.539.7574 – From Ecuador